

## Mid point Method

$$y_{j+1} = y_{j-1} + 2hf_j, \quad j = 0, 1, \dots, N-1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

put,  $j=1$

$$y_2 = y_0 + 2hf_1, \quad y_0 = \text{Given}$$

$j=2$

$$y_3 = y_1 + 2hf_2, \quad \text{Here } y_1 = \text{unknown}$$

The value of  $y_1$  is unknown, we have to find the value of  $y_1$  by Taylor's series method of second order

$$y_1 = y(a) + hy'(a) + \frac{h^2}{2} y''(a) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$a = \text{initial point}$

Ques:

Apply mid-point method to solve the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = yx^2 - 1.5y = f(x, y)$$

from  $x=0$  to 2 where  $y(0)=1$  by using  $h=1$ .

Sol<sup>n</sup>:

$$y_0 = 1 \quad (\text{Given}), \quad h = 1$$

Firstly, we have to find  $y_1$

$$y_1 = y(0) + hy'(0) + \frac{h^2}{2} y''(0)$$

$$y(0) = 1,$$



$$y' = yx^3 - 1.5y, \quad \cancel{y}$$

$$y'(0) = y(0)^3 - 1.5 \times 1 \\ = -1.5$$

$$y'' = 3x^2y + x^3 \frac{dy}{dx} - 1.5 \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$y''(0) = 3 \times 0 \times 1 + 0 \times (-1.5) - 1.5 \times (-1.5) \\ = 2.25$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 1 \times (-1.5) + \frac{1}{2} \times (2.25)$$

$$= 1 - 1.5 + \frac{2.25}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-1.0 + 2.25}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1.25}{2} = 0.625$$

$$y_2 = y_0 + 2hf(x_1, y_1)$$

$$\left[ \begin{aligned} x_1 &= x_0 + h \\ &= 0 + 1 = 1 \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$= 1 + 2[y_1 x_1^3 - 1.5y_1]$$

$$= 1 + 2[0.625 \times 1 - 1.5 \times 0.625]$$

$$= 1 + 2[0.625 - 0.9375]$$

$$= 1 + 2(-0.3125)$$

$$= 1 - 0.625$$

$$= 0.375$$

$$y_3 = y_1 + 2hf(x_2, y_2)$$

$$\left[ \begin{aligned} x_2 &= x_0 + 2h \\ &= 2 \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$= 0.625 + 2[y_2 x_2^3 - 1.5y_2]$$